




UNIJET 75

0.4 kW 50Hz; 0.45 kW 60Hz SINGLE-PHASE
0.4 kW 50Hz; 0.5 kW 60Hz THREE-PHASE

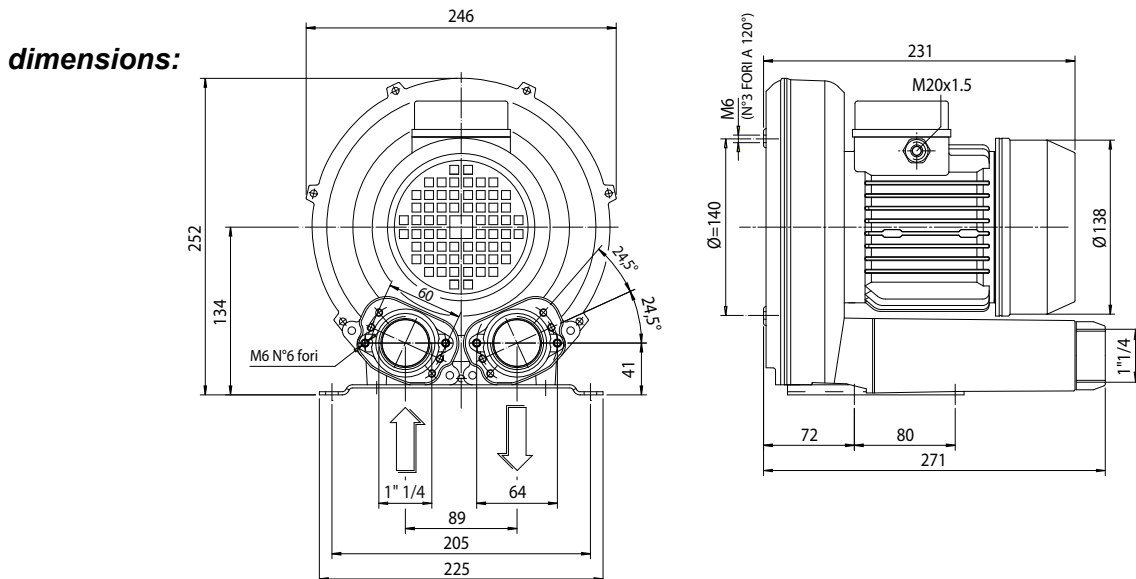
The standard side channel blowers/aspirators are designed to handle clean air up to a maximum of 40°C. Please contact us for special applications.

Motors construction conform with CEI 2-3 (1988) NORMS. ISOL. CL F PROT. IP 55, cCSAus certified (single-phase upon request)

cCSAus file nr. 242079 

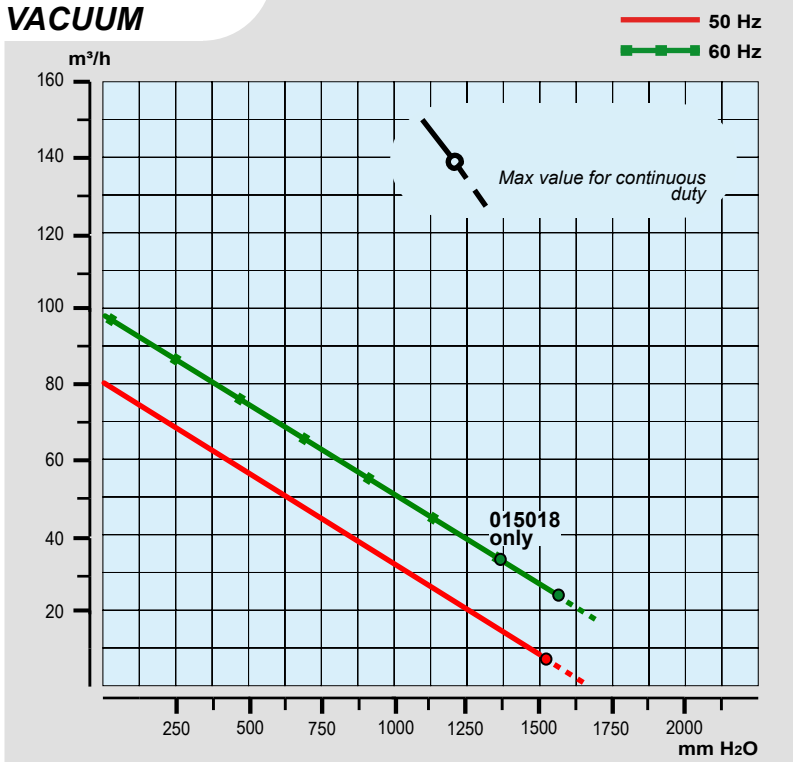
	Item code	kW	V	Hz	absorbed AMPS	r.p.m.	max cont. duty S1 (mbar)	µF/V	electric motor thermal sensor (type)	dB (A)*	weight (Kg)
SINGLE-PHASE	015198	0.4	115-230	50	6-3	2900	-147 +147	20 / 450	bi-metal (klixon)	62	10
	015198	0.5	115-230	60	7-3.6	3500	-137 +132	20 / 450	bi-metal (klixon)	63	10
THREE-PHASE	015070	0.4	180-230 Δ 310-400 Y	50	2.75 Δ 1.6 Y	2800	-145 +145	-	bi-metal (klixon)	62	10
	015070	0.5	200-240 Δ 345-415 Y	60	2.75 Δ 1.6 Y	3350	-165 +165	-	bi-metal (klixon)	63	10
	015071	0.4	200-240 Δ 345-415 Y	50	2.3 Δ 1.35 Y	2800	-145 +145	-	bi-metal (klixon)	62	10
	015071	0.5	220-275 Δ 380-480 Y	60	2.4 Δ 1.4 Y	3350	-155 +145	-	bi-metal (klixon)	63	10
	015072	0.4	260-310 Δ 450-535 Y	50	1.8 Δ 1 Y	2800	-145 +145	-	bi-metal (klixon)	62	10
	015072	0.5	300-350 Δ 520-610 Y	60	1,8 Δ 1 Y	3350	-165 +165	-	bi-metal (klixon)	63	10

* Sound pressure level tested according to ISO regulation 3746 - 1979 (E). Parameters: r=1 - Background noise 51 dB (A) - Instrument: Brüel & Kjær type 2232.

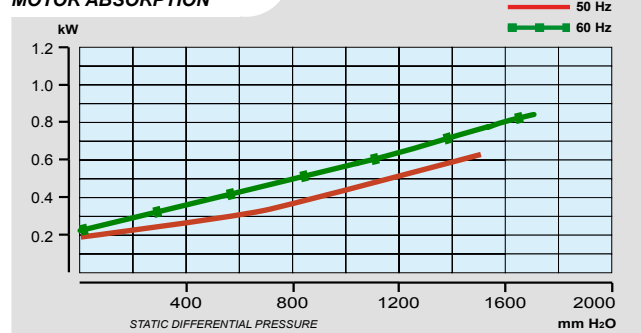


all dimensions are in mm

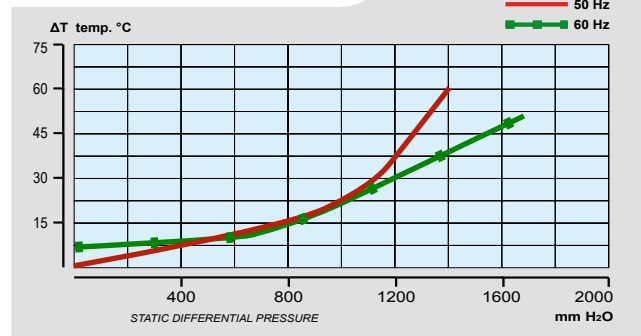
VACUUM



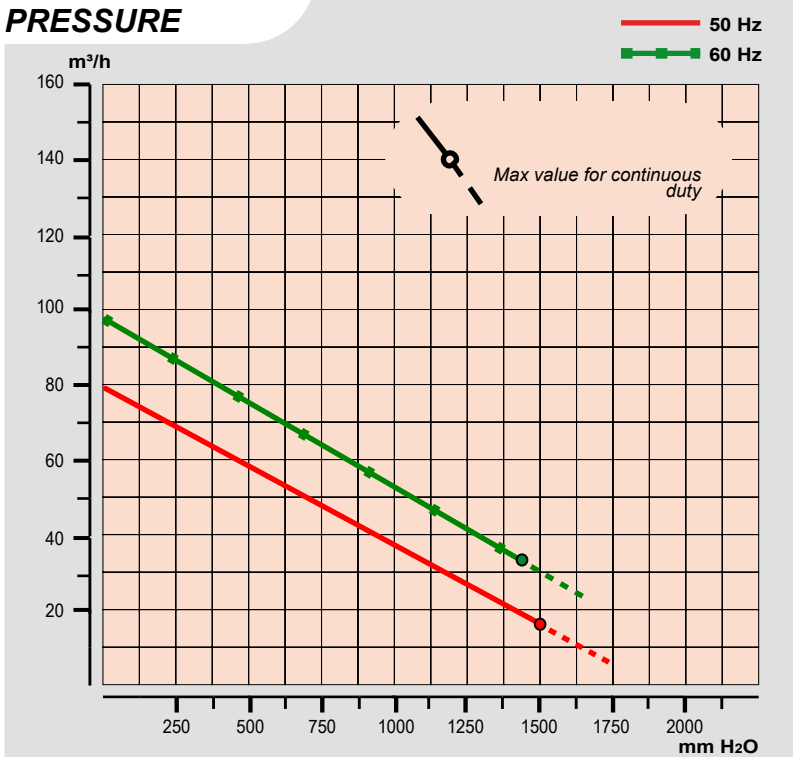
MOTOR ABSORPTION



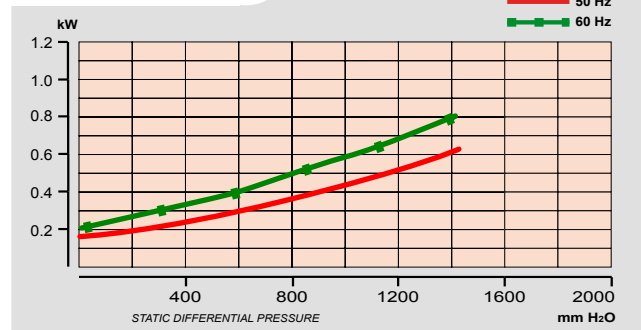
AIR TEMPERATURE INCREASE



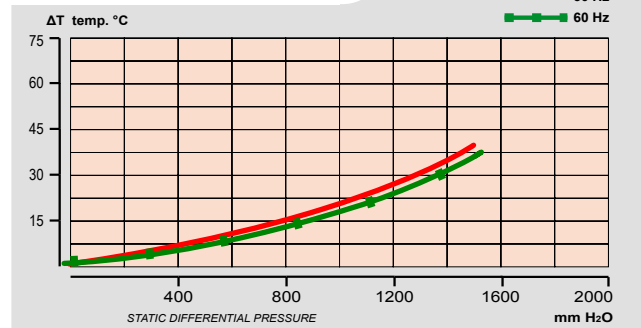
PRESSURE



MOTOR ABSORPTION



AIR TEMPERATURE INCREASE



All data is intended as an indication and may be modified without prior notice.
 The vacuum curve is valid for pumping air, with a temperature of 20°C at the inlet flange and with a pressure of 1013 mbar at the discharge port.
 The pressure curve is valid for pumping air, with an average temperature of 20°C and 1013 mbar at the inlet flange.

$l/min = m^3/h \cdot 16,667$
 $CFM = m^3/h \cdot 0,588$
 $mbar = mm\ H_2O \cdot 0,098$
 $PSI = mm\ H_2O \cdot 0,00142$